

### Breaking from the laboratory – On line and at line characterization of particles

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### Reason to go online

- High return on investment
- Reduced energy consumption
- Automated control
- Intelligent troubleshooting
- Fast, effective process optimization
- Smarter process development
- More complete plant utilization
- Instant upset detection
- Market leading product quality
- Reducing risk





### **Smarter Process Development**

- On-line control enables fast product development
- Pilot plants are expensive to run. Accelerating the early stage tests saves money
- From g/h to t/h as fast as possible without risks





# **Reduced Risk**

- Sample extraction and work-up presents a potentially significant health and safety risk
- Eliminate operator variability during sampling and measurement
- Measure larger and continuous sample volumes – a vastly higher proportion of the process stream
- Automate the complete analytical cycle



Sample extraction and handling is not always simple!

### **Process probes- In-line, on-line or atline?**



IN Line
 ON Line
 AT Line







< 20kg/h

>100 kg/h

## **Typical Process Applications**



- What are the "processes"?
- Size reduction and particle creation
- Milling / Micronising / Emulsification
- Spray drying / Atomisation / Granulation and coating

# PAT (Process Analytical Technology)

#### Inline Particle Sizing can play an important role to



- Improve process understanding and transparency
- Generate and verify process models
- Monitor and control critical process parameters
- Reduce time for process development and up-scaling



- Monitor product quality in real-time
- Enable more efficient processes
- Increase process safety
- Direct control of processes
- Reduce number of Lab analyses and costs

Inline Particle analysis can open a window to your process



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### Insitec - Result presentation/ interpretation RTSizer









#### Raw light scattering



### **Automated Control**



### **Multiple Scattering Correction**

Insitec can operate continuously without errors caused by process fluctuations<sup>(1)</sup>

Size & Transmission Multiple Scattering Correction - Unique to Insitec v(95) = 40.66 v(90) = 30.87 80 Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Correction on Trans = 47.0 70 Dv(50) = 10.26 60 Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> Correction off (10) = 1Dv(50) (µm) 50 13/04/2007 - 12:21:52 13/04/2007 - 12:22:02 13/04/2007 - 12:22:12 3128 & 1141151111551U11 Laboratory **Insitec On line** <u>Avo(Dvr95)} =</u> Trans = 82.0 Analyser wg{Dv(90)} = 32.23 **Operating Range** 30 Range 20 Avg{Dv(50)} = 10.27  $tra{Dr}103 = 1.50$ 10 13/04/2007 - 12:21:52 13/04/2007 - 12:22:02 13/04/2007 - 12:22:12 0 Light Transmission (%) 70 100 90 60 50 20 0 80 40 30 10 Light Obscuration (%) 0 20 30 40 50 80 100 10 60 70 90

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a spectris company

### Products and solutions





- Insitec on-line dry
  - Particle size and distribution 0.1-2500um
  - Real time analysis
  - Fully automated
  - Integration with plant control

Gas or dust zoned hazardous environments - The world's first ATEX intrinsically safe on-line particle size analyzer (zones 0, 1, 2 and 20, 21 and 22)

#### **Customised Configurations**

- Insitec on-line wet
  - Particle size and distribution 0.1-2500um
  - Real time / auto batch analysis
  - Fully automated
  - Integration with plant control



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# **High Sample Concentration - Insitec LPS**



LPS – Liquid Process Sizer

- Real-time continuous or at-line batch measurement
  - Emulsions
- Innovative patented approach to dilution
  - Able to dilute process streams continuously
  - Only uses diluent to power diluter, with no moving parts, and easy cleaning
  - Full automation available



### Automated MS3000





EU funded project as part of a consortium developing a range of PAT tools to help end users fully understand their processes, scheduled to last 3 years

Developing MS3000AT as part of this project to monitor particle size reduction and particle growth processes for nano materials in a range of industries including Pharma

For more information please see

Website: www.pat4nano.com

#### **Solutions for In-Process Control**

### Parsum



- Patented measurement technique.







# Solutions for In-Process Control ....continued - Parsum

**Measuring Principle** 





# Process monitoring of phosphonate production



- Product: Phosphonate for detergent
  manufacture
- Plant: GLATT Continuous fluid bed granulator
- Size Range: 300um to 2mm
- Installation location: Gravity discharge after Rotary Valve
- Line Diameter: 40cm
- Product specification 450 to 800um
- Customer Objective
  - To reduce recirculation of off-spec material
  - To inform operator of % within spec
  - To reduce requirement for sieve measurement
- Equipment: IPP 50-S, SZ 11







### Conventional DLS versus Spatially Resolved DLS

#### (conventional) DLS:

- Single scattering
- Only low turbid suspensions can be measured



**Spatial-Resolved DL** pepth (pathlength) resolved scatter data by low coherence interferometry



- Back scattering (180°)
- Spatial resolved data
- up to pathlength of ±
  3mm
- ± 1000 scatter patterns recorded simultaneously



### Measuring turbid samples

Multiple scattering data filtered (SR-DLS)

R-DLS) Panalytical a spectris company

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- Single & Multiple scattering regimes diagnosed automatically
- Advantage: no dilution needed for turbid samples





### Measuring samples in Flow





- > Auto Correlation Functions contain information on diffusion and local flow speed.
- > Flow measured and corrected for => size analysis from diffusive part of ACF
- Flow-independent size, No prior knowledge of flow needed. NFS indicates if flow is within range.

#### Spatially Resolved Dynamic Light Scattering Instrumentation



Probe Unit Optics

Interferometer

Base Unit Spectrometer Detector



Inline sample Module (Flow Cell)

#### **MODULAR FOR VARIOUS SCALES**

- Non-invasive Inline configurations
- Pharma grade flow-cells
- Temperature & Module recognition sensor integrated
- Air-drying functionality to prevent condensation
- Depending on scale & flow speeds
  (lab, pilot, manufacturing)

Sample Module (vials, static)











### TiO2 Synthesis: Online Micro-Flow-Cell





### Inline droplet size of unstable nano-emulsion



- Unstable, turbid emulsions: challenge for standard sampling
- NFS with 2" Flowcel integrated in homogenization loop
- Continuous flow + flow interruption







# Measure, control and optimize your production process inline



➢ Inline ➢ Precise ➢ Real-time



www.sopat.eu

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### What is SOPAT?



- Inline photo-optic particle size measurement system
- > Quantitative data based on real images from the process
- > Differentiates particles, droplets, bubbles, etc... in size and shape



SOPAT hardware

- Particle size range 0.5 20,000 µm
- Several optics and probe lengths
- ➢ Up to 1200 bar, 700°C, pH 0 − 14



SOPAT software

- Automated image analysis
- For low and high concentrations
- Communication with PCS

### What You Get

Live view of particles in your system (for immediate optical control and for future reference)

> automated image analysis

Reliable monitoring of the particle size distribution (and all corresponding characteristic values)

data export to Excel

Quantitative information on particle shape and morphology (additional information for better product assessment)

Df





Minimum Feret diameter d\_F,min (µm)

D

### Example of a Typical Installation



Process Flow Diagram for a Grinding/Crushing Process:



Customer benefits

- Consistent product quality (here: particle size)
- > Online product quality adjustments (via control loop)
- Optimized throughput (reduced dead times)

### **Example of Results and Impact**



- > Particle *circularity* over time
- Monitors *rounding* of particles
- Detects steady state



- Dimensionless number based on median diameter as a function of *time*
- > Monitors *crushing* of particles
- Detects steady state



### Nystatin Cream (NC) Analysis



Microscopic probes MM1 and SOPAT-Ma were used to analyze emulsion samples.



SOPAT software differentiates between solid and liquid particles; globules detected are encircled in green and solid particles in orange (right image).

### Particle Size Distribution of NC



#### 0.60 0.75 0.55 0.70 0.65 0.50 0.60 0.45 [Wrl/1]0.55 0.45 Density histogram q\_3(1/µm) 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 Density histogram 0.46 0.30 0.30 0.50 0.30 0.20 0.15 0.15 0.10 0.10 0.05 0.05 0.00 0.00 2 3 16 17 18 19 20 0 1 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 2 3 4 5 6 10 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 1 Maximum Feret diameter d\_F,max [µm]

#### Number density



Volume density



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